



St Michael's RC Primary School
Whole School Overview
Punctuation and Grammar

| Year group | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|-------------------|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| 1 | Capital letters to begin a sentence Capital letters for start of sentence Capital letters for pronouns Full stops Oral phrases and sentences Nouns Verbs Simple noun phrases | Capital letters to begin a sentence Capital letters for start of sentence Capital letters for pronouns Full stops Oral phrases and sentences Nouns Verbs Simple noun phrases Sentence starters Adjectives Co-ordinating conjunction - and | Simple noun phrases Sentence starters Adjectives Co-ordinating conjunction - and Exclamation marks Suffix -ing Suffix -ed Suffix -er Suffix -est Question marks | Simple noun phrases Sentence starters Adjectives Co-ordinating conjunction - and Exclamation marks Suffix -ing Suffix -ed Suffix -er Suffix -est Question marks Plural noun suffixes Past and present nouns Prefix 'un' | Adjectives Question marks Exclamation marks Past and present nouns Prefix 'un' Co-ordinating conjunctions - but, and, or Subordinating conjunctions - because | Adjectives Question marks Prefix 'un' Exclamation marks Past and present nouns Co-ordinating conjunctions - but, and, or Subordinating conjunctions - because |
| 2 | Capital letters for beginning a sentence and proper nouns Full stops Question marks Subordinating conjunctions (WITB) Co-ordinating conjunctions (BOA) Nouns Proper nouns Verbs Adverbs | Commas to separate a list Expanded noun phrases Past simple Past progressive Present simple Present progressive | Apostrophe for omission Apostrophe for singular possession | Sentence types: Statement, Command, Question, Exclamation Exclamation marks | Commas to separate a list Past simple Past progressive Present simple Present progressive | Inverted commas Apostrophe for omission Apostrophe for singular possession |

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| 3 | Question marks Exclamation marks Inverted commas for direct speech Commas to separate a list | Apostrophe for omission and singular possession Commas for fronted adverbials | Inverted commas for direct speech Commas for fronted adverbials | Commas to separate a list Commas for fronted adverbials | Inverted commas for direct speech Apostrophe for omission and singular possession | Commas for fronted adverbials Inverted commas for direct speech |
| 4 | Commas for lists Apostrophes for omission Subject/verb identification Expanded noun phrases Adverbs and adverbials (TRaMP) Tenses: Past simple Present simple Sentence types: Statement Command Question Exclamation | Fronted adverbials Commas for fronted adverbials Coordinating conjunctions (FANBOYS) Compound and complex sentences Prepositions and prepositional phrases | Identifying parts of speech Punctuating direct speech (inverted commas) Apostrophes for singular possession Subordinating conjunctions (A WHITE BUS) Tenses: Past perfect Present perfect | Apostrophes for plural possession Commas for clauses and clarity Main clauses and Subordinate clauses Coordinating conjunctions (FANBOYS) | Apostrophes for singular and plural possession Punctuating direct speech (inverted commas) Tenses: Past progressive Present progressive Subordinating conjunctions (A WHITE BUS) | Commas for clauses and clarity Main clauses and Subordinate clauses Apostrophes for singular and plural possession Tenses: Past perfect Present perfect Past progressive Present progressive |
| 5 | uses a thesaurus Expanded noun phrases Subordinating conjunctions (A WHITE BUS) | uses a thesaurus Co-ordinating conjunctions (FANBOYS) Modal verbs Adverbials (TRaMP) Commas for clarity | uses a thesaurus verb prefixes (e.g. <i>dis-</i> , <i>de-</i> , <i>mis-</i> , <i>over-</i> and <i>re-</i>) Parentheses-dashes | uses a thesaurus Standard English Adverbs that don't end in -ly Possessive pronouns Prepositions Hyphens | uses a thesaurus Turn nouns into adjectives Expanded noun phrases Parentheses-brackets Modal verbs | converting nouns or adjectives into verbs uses a thesaurus using suffixes (e.g. <i>-ate</i> , <i>-ise</i> , <i>ify</i>) Tenses: Past simple Past progressive |

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| | <p>Relative clauses and relative pronouns</p> <p>Sentence types: Statement Command Question Exclamation Inverted commas Commas to separate a list Commas for fronted adverbials Parentheses-brackets</p> | <p>Parentheses-commas</p> <p>Apostrophes for omission</p> <p>Apostrophes for singular possession</p> <p>Apostrophes for plural possession</p> | <p>Relative clauses and relative pronouns</p> <p>Subordinating conjunctions (AWHITEBUS)</p> <p>Inverted commas</p> | <p>Sentence types: Statement Command Question Exclamation</p> | <p>Adverbials (TRaMP)</p> <p>Apostrophes for singular possession</p> <p>Apostrophes for plural possession</p> | <p>Present simple</p> <p>Present progressive</p> <p>Past perfect</p> <p>Present perfect</p> <p>Co-ordinating conjunctions (FANBOYS)</p> <p>Parentheses-dashes</p> |
| 6 | <p>Expanded noun phrases</p> <p>Subordinating conjunctions (AWHITEBUS)</p> <p>Subordinate clauses</p> <p>Co-ordinating conjunctions (FANBOYS)</p> | <p>Adverbials (TRAMP)</p> <p>Identify subject and object</p> <p>Synonyms and antonyms</p> | <p>Relative clauses and relative pronouns</p> <p>Modal verbs</p> <p>Sentence types: Statement, command, question, exclamation</p> | <p>Past and Present tense</p> <p>Standard English</p> <p>Formal and informal language</p> | <p>Active and passive voice</p> <p>Tenses: Past simple, past progressive, present simple, present progressive, past perfect, present perfect</p> <p>Subjunctive form</p> | <p>Review of taught SPaG objectives.</p> |